

# GERMANY WOULD RULE EUROPE AND AMERICA WITH IRON HAND IF KAISER WERE VICTORS IN WAR

(BY RUDYARD KIPLING.)

You need not go far to see what it would mean to England if Germany wins the war. In Belgium at this hour several million Belgians are making war material or fortifications for their conquerors. They are given enough food to support life as the German thinks it should be supported. By the way, I believe the United States of America supplies a large part of that food.

In return they are compelled to work at the point of the bayonet. If they object, they are shot. Their factories, their houses and their public buildings have long ago been gutted, and everything in them that was valuable or useful has been packed up, and sent into Germany. They have no more property and no more rights than cattle, and they cannot lift a hand to protect the honor of their women. And less than a year ago they were one of the most civilized and prosperous of the nations of the earth.

There has been nothing like the horror of their fate in all history, and this system is in full working order within 50 miles of the English coast. Where I live I can hear the guns that are trying to send it. The same system exists in such parts of France and Poland as are in German hands. But whatever has been dealt out to Belgium, France and Poland will be England's fate to-morrow if we fail to subdue the Germans. That we shall be broken, plundered, robbed and enslaved like Belgium will be but the first part of the matter.

There are special reasons in the German mind why we should be morally and mentally shamed and dishonored beyond any other people—why we should be degraded till those who survive may scarcely dare to look each other in the face. Be perfectly sure, therefore, that if Germany is victorious every refinement of outrage which is within the compass of the German imagination will be inflicted on us in every aspect of our lives.

Over and above this, no pledge we can offer, no guaranty we can give, will be accepted by Germany as binding. She has broken her own most solemn oaths, pledges and obligations, and by the very fact of her existence she is bound to trust nothing and to recognize nothing except that of immediate superior force, backed by her inevitable cruelty. So, you see, there are no terms possible.

Realize, too, if the allies are beaten, there will be no spot on the globe where a soul can escape from the domination of this enemy of mankind. There has been childish talk that the western hemisphere would offer a refuge from oppression. Put that thought from your mind. If the allies were defeated, Germany would not need to send a single battleship over the Atlantic. She would issue an order and it would be obeyed. Civilization would be bankrupt and the western world would be taken over with the rest of the wreckage by Germany, the receiver. There is no retreat possible. There are no terms and no retreat in this war.

The German has spent quite as much energy in the last 45 years preparing for war as we have in convincing ourselves that wars should not be prepared for. He has started this war with a magnificent equipment, which took him time and heavy taxation to get together. That equipment we have had to face for the last 10 months. We have had to face more. The German went into this war with a mind which had been carefully trained out of the idea of every moral sense or obligation—private, public or international. He does not recognize the existence of any law, least of all those that have subscribed to himself in making war against combatants or non-combatants—men, women and children. He has done, from his own point of view, very well, indeed.

All mankind bears witness today that there is no crime, no cruelty, no abomination that the mind of man can conceive which the German has not perpetrated, and is not perpetrating, and will not perpetrate if he is allowed to go on. These horrors and perversions were not invented by him on the spur of the moment. They were arranged long beforehand—the very outlines are laid down in the German war book. They are part of the system in which Germany has been scientifically trained.

It is the essence of that system to make such a hell of the countries where her armies set foot that any terms she may offer will seem like heaven to the people whose bodies she has defiled and whose minds she has broken of set purpose and intention. In the face of these facts it is folly for any fit man to waste one minute in talking about what he would do if our system of recruiting were changed, or to wait on, as some men are waiting, in the hope that compulsion may be introduced.

We shall not be saved by argument. We shall most certainly not be saved by hanging on to our private jobs and businesses. Our own strength and our own will alone can save us. If these fail the alternative for us is robbery, rape of the women, starvation, as a prelude to save us. So long as an unbroken Germany exists, so long will life on this planet be intolerable not only for us and our children, but for all humanity. And humanity knows it. At present six European nations are bearing the burden of war. There is a fringe of shivering neutrals almost under the German guns, who look out of their front doors and see, as they were meant to see, what has been done to Belgium, the German guaranteed neutral.

But, however, the world pretends to divide itself, there are only two divisions in the world today—human beings and Germans. And the German knows it. Human beings have long ago sickened of him and everything connected with him, of all he does and of all he says, thinks or believes.

From the ends of the earth to the ends of the earth they desire nothing more greatly than that this unclean being should be thrust out from the membership and the memory of the nations. The German's answer to the world's longing is: "I am strong, I kill, I shall go on killing by all means in my power till I have imposed my will on all human beings." He gives no choice. He leaves no middle way. He has reduced civilization, and all that civilization means, to the simple question of kill or be killed.

Up to the present, as far as we can find out, Germany has suffered 3,000,000 casualties. She can suffer another 3,000,000 and, for aught we know, another 3,000,000 after that. We have no reason to believe that she will break up suddenly and dramatically as a few people still expect. Why should she? She took two generations to prepare herself in every detail and through every fiber of her national being for this war. She is playing for the highest stakes in the world—the dominion of the world. It seems to me that she must either win or bleed to death almost where her lines run today. Therefore we and our allies must continue to pass our children through fire to Moscow until Moloch perish. This as I see it, is where we stand and where Germany stands.

Every able-bodied Englishman who fails to enlist invites himself and his children a condition of slavery the most brutal, heartless and inhuman the world has ever known. It would be a slavery compared to which the easy-going form of bondage that lingers among Turks and Arabs would appear positively delightful.—Manufacturer Record.

**Only One, Not All.**  
Well-known Australian legislator was advocating certain reforms in educational affairs, when a member of the opposition became rather excited and exclaimed:

"Why at this very moment I have a school in my eye—"

"Pardon me," interrupted the orator. "Not a school; only one pupil, I think."—Philadelphia Record.

**No Other Possibility.**  
The Sergeant (sternly)—Nah then, yer young blighter, you ain't larfin' at me, are yer?

The Young Blighter—Oh, no, sergeant, no, sir!

The Sergeant (more sternly)—Then what the 'ell else is there on parade ter lart' at?—London Sketch.

**The Remedy.**  
Helen—Father, I must have a new riding habit.

Close-Fisted Parent—But, Helen, times are hard, and I can't afford such luxuries.

Helen (angrily)—But, father, what am I to do without a new riding habit?

Father—Get the walking habit.—Pitt Panther.

**Of Course.**  
They had just come in from Ni Wot to see the old fashion show.

"Gracious, Hiram!" said the old lady. "Them awful society women dress like they was goin' swimmin'!"

"O' course, Jerusha. Hain't you heard that in the social swim the wimmin' try to outstrip each other?"—Field and Farm.

It is surprising how little it takes to encourage a hopeful person.

## Ready for the "Flop Back."



Pearl Shepherd.

When Pearl Shepherd was told by the film company for which she worked in the movies that she would have to learn how to dive backwards from a sitting position, she had not even learned how to swim.

"But I will get that dive," said she, and being a girl of determination—had she not been one she would never have gained her present success in the business—she went down to the tank at Brighton Paths, New York, and began to practice. With the aid of a teacher she learned how to swim. She learned several kinds of dives.

Then she invented her "flop back." "Why, I just sit on the wall of the tank with my right leg under me and then spring backwards," said she. "I think I gain most of my power from my ankle and my hands. It is easy when you know how."

## Gotton Consumption Estimated at Excess of 17,000,000 Bales

Cotton consumption during last year exceeded 17,000,000 bales, say Reuskorf, Lyon & Co.—Belief that visible supply amounts to 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 bales is erroneous.—In a circular entitled "Did We Consume 17,000,000 Bales," Reuskorf, Lyon & Co. say:

On April 15, 1915, we wrote a circular entitled "Seventeen Million Bales Consumption." This circular received more commendation and more criticism than the usual market letter. Both the commendation and the criticism pleased us. Those who commenced the letter read its text carefully and found that 17,000,000 consumption was the "consumption of manufactured articles."

Those who criticized either read the title and consigned us to Matte-wan, an asylum for the criminal insane, or else were not capable of following our line of thought. Our prediction has been verified. The actual consumption of articles made of cotton from Aug. 1, 1914, to Aug. 1, 1915, has surely exceeded 17,000,000 bales, and we think any unbiased mind will now so concede.

**Secretary Hester's Figures.**  
Secretary Hester of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange tells us that the spinners of the world manufactured 14,133,000 bales of cotton. Whatever reduction has taken place in the stocks of the manufactured article, must be added to these figures to arrive at the total consumption of manufactured cotton goods, as follows:

Manufactured by the spinner, 14,133,000 bales. Add net reduction in stocks of manufactured articles.

In the hands of spinners?  
In the hands of retailers?  
In the hands of jobbers?

In the hands of actual consumers? In the shape of gunpowder and other war supplies?

Total?  
Therefore, any fair-minded critic must concede that the total consumption of articles made of cotton during the past 12 months exceeds 17,000,000 bales. The reduced holdings of manufactured cotton goods in the Teutonic countries, in Russia, in France, in South America and in the Orient must be amazing. The difference between the amount of gunpowder existing today and that which existed one year ago today is stupendous, and every pound of gunpowder contains 40 per cent. of cotton.

Our April 15 circular, if you care to read it again, not only predicted this 17,000,000 bale consumption and destruction of articles made of cotton, but it also predicted:

1. An acreage of 30,000,000. The answer was 31,585,000 acres.
2. We predicted final record of exports to the other countries in excess of 8,000,000 bales. The answer was 8,542,000 bales.
3. We predicted a visible supply of 3,200,000 to 3,500,000 at the end of the season. The answer was 3,282,000.
4. We called the amount in farmers' hands 1,000,000 and the crop 15,750,000, a total of 16,750,000. The answer was, farmers' hands, 1,500,000, crop 15,200,000; total, 16,700,000.

**Any Crop Will Be Absorbed.**  
We recognized the fact that the new crop and the demand for its product is a new question, but we feel sure that the "rapidity of cotton goods passing into smoke," has never, in all of history, been so rapid as in the past 12 months, and when replenishment of reduced stocks becomes necessary any crop the world can raise or manufacture will be absorbed. If the war continues, we feel sure the "death rate" of articles made of cotton will make alarming inroads on the stocks of the unmanufactured article.

In older times, articles made of cotton might be worn for years. Today their transit to the waste pile or grave is measured by weeks, not years.

The layman has been led to think that an excess of 6,000,000 or 6,000,000 bales of unsalable cotton exists in the visible supply. It would be wise for them to read the year-end figures of the various exchanges and make comparison with previous years.

Mr. Hester gives the following figures:

Visible supply:	1915	1914.
American	3,282,000	1,671,000
Other kinds	11,420,000	1,510,000
Total	14,702,000	3,181,000

If you go deeper than this, into the invisible supply, American mills hold about 500,000 more than last year. European mills about 1,000,000 less and the American farmer about 1,500,000 more than a year ago. The grand total would be in round figures, about 2,500,000 bales more than on this date last year.

Under these conditions, we are beginning to market a new crop, and although we may, for a time, defend the markets of Germany and Austria for that cotton, we are not suffering the same financial paralysis that existed a year ago. Now, in the South, compelled to buy her food-stuffs, as she did last year.

The general, if not the unanimous, opinion of the moment by bulls and bears alike seems to be that the September-October pressure to sell spots will put prices to 7 1/2 cents to 8 1/2 cents, at which price everybody will buy cotton and everybody get rich; a good stage setting; but they have failed to provide the actors in the drama, or tragedy.

Who will sell all the 7 1/2 cent to 8 1/2 cent cotton.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Southern.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New Orleans	74	49	602
Memphis	69	54	561
Birmingham	67	54	554
Nashville	66	58	532
Little Rock	48	76	387
Atlanta	59	63	484
Mobile	55	68	447
Chattanooga	53	68	438

American.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	76	38	667
Detroit	75	42	641
Chicago	71	46	607
Washington	59	55	518
New York	54	56	491
Cleveland	44	71	383
St. Louis	44	72	379
Philadelphia	35	79	307

National.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Philadelphia	63	50	558
Brooklyn	63	55	534
Boston	59	54	522
Chicago	57	57	500
Pittsburgh	57	61	483
St. Louis	57	62	479
New York	52	60	461
Cincinnati	54	63	462

Federal.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Pittsburgh	65	50	565
Newark	64	51	557
Kansas City	65	54	546
Chicago	65	55	542
St. Louis	61	57	517
Brooklyn	59	63	484
Buffalo	58	65	468
Baltimore	40	79	336

## YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

**National League.**  
At Philadelphia 4; Cincinnati 2.  
At New York 1; Pittsburgh 2.  
At Brooklyn 3; St. Louis 1.  
At Boston 4; Chicago 4; called at end of ninth, darkness.

**American League.**  
At St. Louis 10; Philadelphia 1.  
At Detroit 7; Boston 5; twelve innings.  
At Cleveland 5; New York 5.  
At Chicago 1; Washington 2; thirteen innings.

**Federal League.**  
At Chicago 6; St. Louis 10.  
At Baltimore 9; Brooklyn 11; twelve innings.  
At Pittsburgh 6; Kansas City 6.  
At Newark 4; Buffalo 1.

**Southern League.**  
At Atlanta 0; Nashville 3.  
At Birmingham 1; Memphis 1; fourteen innings, darkness.  
At New Orleans 4; Chattanooga 1.  
At Mobile 5; Little Rock 2.

Standing NFL League.			
	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Gluck	11	6	647
Belton	9	7	563
Equinox	7	9	438
Orr	6	11	353

It will be noticed that if Belton wins the double header from Equinox on Saturday, and Orr defeats Gluck, Belton and Gluck will be tied for first place.

**Not Dangerous.**  
"You criticize us," said the Chinese visitor, "yet I see all your women have their feet bandaged."

"That is an epidemic," it was explained to him, gently, "which broke out in 1914. Those are called spats."—Washington Post.

**Risky.**  
Cavalry Sergeant—I told you never to approach a horse from the rear without speaking to him. First thing you know they'll kick you in the head, and we'll have a bunch of lame horses on our hands.—Judge.

**Timid.**  
Officer (as Private Atkins worms his way toward the enemy)—You fool! Come back at once!

Tommy—No bally fear, sir! There's a hornet in the trench.—Punch.

## PUT SULPHUR ON AN ITCHING SKIN AND END ECZEMA

Says this old-time Eczema remedy is applied like cold cream.

Any irritation or breaking out on the face, arms, legs or body when accompanied by itching, or when the skin is dry and feverish, can be readily overcome by applying a little bold-sulphur, says a noted dermatologist.

He states that bold-sulphur instantly allays the angry itching and irritation and soothes and heals the Eczema right up leaving the skin clear and smooth. Bold-sulphur has occupied a secure position for many years in the treatment of cutaneous disorders because of its parasite-destroying property. Nothing has ever been found to take its place in treating the irritable and inflammatory skin affections. While not always establishing a permanent cure it never fails to subdue the itching irritation and drive the Eczema away and it is often years later before any eruption again appears on the skin.

Those troubled should obtain at any drug store an ounce of bold-sulphur, which is applied to the affected parts in the same manner as an ordinary cold cream.

## What German Conquest Means in Belgium.



Belgian Girls As Coal Miners.

German soldiers having driven out or killed off most of the men in Belgium, there are not enough left to work the coal mines, and as a consequence young girls, many of them less than eighteen years of age, have been compelled to go into the mines. Here are two; there are thousands more just like them, and many very much younger. Coal mining in the United States is considered the hardest and most distasteful form of labor, so distasteful that very few Americans are found among the miners. Only those foreigners used to the hardest kind of work and the lowest wages go down into the mines.

# Pretty Neckwear

Just as pretty as can be, opened yesterday, well assorted, one and two pieces of a kind, and of course different--The prices are just as interesting

25-50

## Boudoir Caps

50 to \$1.50

A variety of Jewelry novelties, in Beauty Pins, Pin Sets, Hat Pins, etc; all these pretty things will find a ready sale, and you'd better come right away.

# New Suits

# New Dresses

# Moore-Wilson Co

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

## Don't Overlook The Seybt Property

This tract of about 125 acres is for sale. It lies about a mile from town, and can be bought in tracts from 10 acres up, and there's money in it. The price now is \$125.00 to \$175.00, according to the land—and ten years from today you couldn't buy it at TWICE this price.

Prof. C. W. Riser bought fifteen acres last week, and is going to build out there on the new road that has recently been made through this property.

Let us show it to you.

# Linley & Watson

Phones 647, 906, 310.

## A Good Electric Iron

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